





Located in Hunsur, Karnataka- “The Water Nursery” was set-up in 2016.

The Water Nursery houses over 200 aquatic and wetland plant species. These plants are known for their specialized abilities to pick up different types of contaminants in water. The plants naturally purify air due to their unique adaptations to sensitive wetland ecosystems. Hence, they find wide applications in Engineered Wetland Phyto-remediation Systems, Constructed Floating Wetland Systems, Natural Swimming Pools, Wetland Conservation and Research as well as Ornamental Fish Ponds, Uris and Urban Landscape Designing.

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Legend



Plants that flourish and thrive under full sun. They produce foliage, flowers, and seed in strong sunlight.



Plants that tolerate low light conditions or perform better in a shaded habitat where they receive filtered light or light of low intensity.



Plants that are used to reduce the concentrations or toxic effects of contaminants in the environment.



Plants that are grown for ornamental purposes in gardens and landscape designs.



Plants that can be propagated from seed.
Seeds are available at our nursery.



Bog Plants - Zone 1

Roots in Moist/Boggy Soil (Planting Depth: 0-15cm)

Typically used to add an interesting border to ponds, bog plants are technically not aquatic plants. However, they are moisture loving and so are perfectly located on land at the edge of a pond. Also known as zone 1. Bog plants are also great for encouraging wildlife by creating an attractive environment close to water.



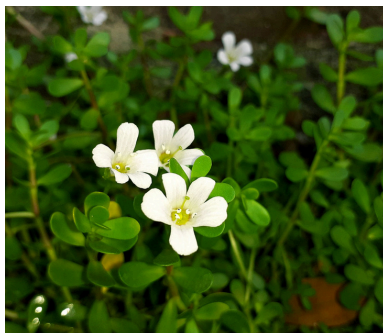
Horsetail ■ *Equisetum* sp.



Description:

Equisetum is a fast growing ornamental plant. The stems are dark green in colour and hollow. Ridges run vertically along the stems. The nodal regions of the plant have presence of black & cream coloured bands that stand out as a striking feature. It is extremely adaptable to varied light levels.

Plant code A-0024



Water Hyssop ■ *Bacopa monnieri*



Description:

Popularly known as Brahmi in Ayurveda, *Bacopa monnieri* is a small pretty edible plant with vibrant, green glossy, oval shaped leaves with eye catching tiny white or purple blooms. It prefers partial shade. It thrives well in rocky, sandy or muddy waters.

Plant code A-0005



Xiphidium ■ *Xiphidium caeruleum*



Description:

Xiphidium caeruleum is a herbaceous plant with creeping rhizomes. It has narrow, linear leaves arranged in a fan shape that gracefully bends to form a fountain like structure. It produces small, egg-shaped flower buds that give rise to tubular flowers.

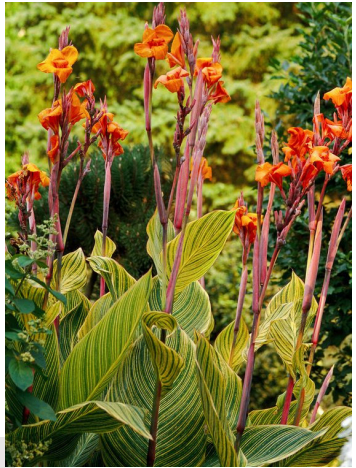
Plant code A-0087

Canna Pretoria ■ *Canna 'Bengal Tiger'*



Description:

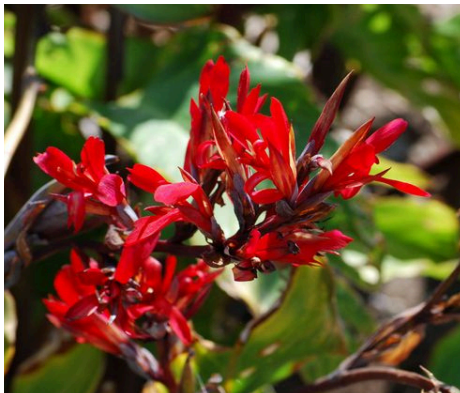
Canna pretoria is an easy to grow plant, it thrives well in hot summers. Bright orange blooms of Pretoria are held aloft abundant foliage striped in light and dark greens. It performs well in full sun.



Plant code A-0131

The plant grows up to 4-6 ft high (120-180 cm) and spreads 1-3 ft wide (30-90 cm). They look their best when massed along walls or hedges or in garden beds. The plant is well suited to container growing as well.





Canna Generalis Red

■ *Canna generalis Red*



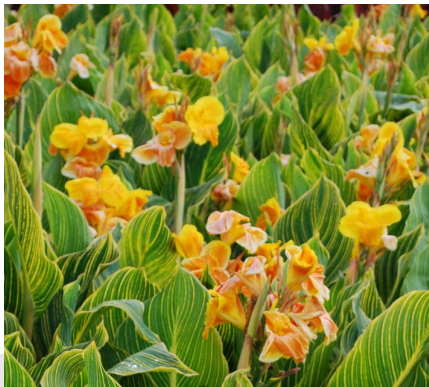
Plant code A-0134

Description:

Canna generalis is a herbaceous tropical plant. It prefers humid air and can tolerate relative dryness with regular watering. The flowers are 4-8 inches long with a wide range of colours white, cream, yellow, orange, pink, coral, salmon, red, or bicolored. It performs well in full sun.

Canna Lily Tropicanna Gold

■ *Canna 'Tropicanna gold'*



Plant code A-0030

Description:

Canna tropicanna is a herbaceous perennial, producing large flowers and foliage. It has a dramatic foliage of large, lance shaped, striped green & gold leaves. Striking large, golden flowers with dark orange speckled throats stand out against the foliage. It attracts butterflies.

Canna Speckled Yellow

■ *Canna indica* 'Speckled Yellow'



Plant code A-0135

Description:

Canna indica is a long-lived (perennial) herbaceous plant, 90-180 cm tall. The upright (erect) stems (1-2 m tall) are sturdy, hairless (glabrous) and green in colour. *Canna indica* forms large dense clumps, particularly in riparian zones (banks of watercourses), and replaces native freshwater and wetland species.

Achira

■ *Canna edulis*



Plant code A-0132

Description:

Canna edulis is a herbaceous perennial plant, it has an appearance that resembles a small banana plant. This plant is cultivated for its edible roots. The stems grow upto 3 m tall with large, thick and tuber like rhizomes. It can tolerate strong winds and light frosts. It performs well in full sun.



Tropicanna Black

■ *Canna tropicanna* (Black)



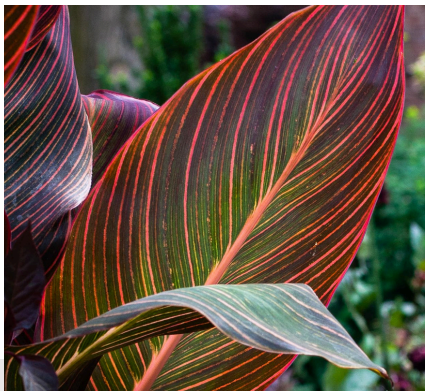
Plant code A-0133

Description:

Canna tropicanna is a herbaceous perennial with beautiful deep dark green to almost chocolate colored tropical leaves, complemented by contrasting bright flowers that are red in colour which later change to orange. It adds bold colour and lushness to gardens. It performs well in full sun & partial sun.

Canna Phasion

■ *Canna Phasion*



Plant code A-0033

Description:

Canna phasion is a recipient of the prestigious Award of Garden Merit of Royal Horticultural Society. It produces vibrant orange flowers and dramatic foliage of large, lance shaped, outrageously coloured foliage with pink veins fading to orange. It performs well in full sun

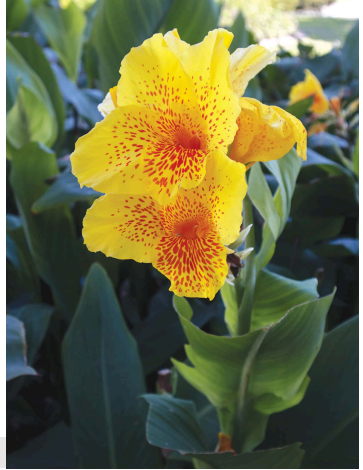
Yellow King Humbert

■ *Canna 'Yellow King Humbert'*



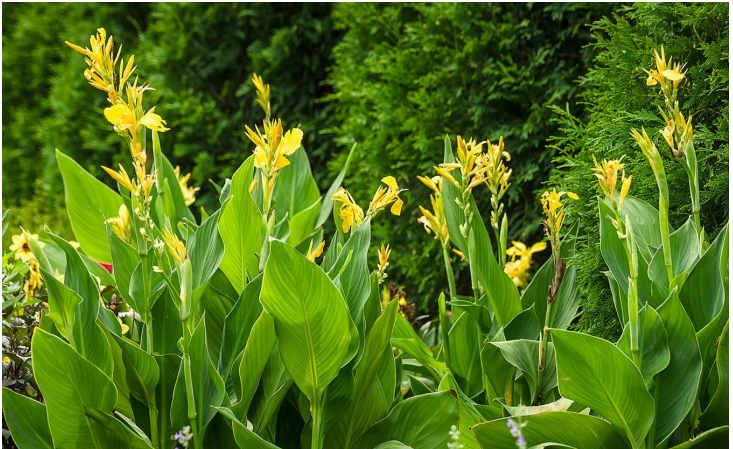
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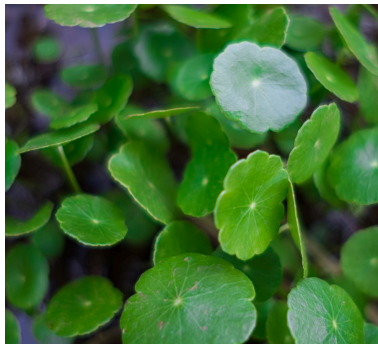
Canna 'Yellow King Humbert' produces a profusion of immense, rich deep yellow flowers, copiously splashed with fiery orange. Sitting on erect, branching stalks, the brilliant blossoms contrast nicely with the lush foliage of large, lance-shaped, apple-green leaves.



Plant code A-0136

The plant grows up to 4-6 ft high (120-180 cm) and spreads 1-3 ft wide (30-90 cm). They look their best when massed along walls or hedges or in garden beds. The plant is well suited to container growing as well.





Whorled Pennywort

■ *Hydrocotyle verticillata*



Description:

Hydrocotyle verticillata is a common foreground or a carpet plant. It is native to North & South America & West Indies. It has half dollar-like leaves that grow into small bushes of green. It requires less care and maintenance.

Plant code A-0027



Colocasia Black Magic

■ *Colocasia esculenta*



Description:

Colocasia esculenta is an evergreen perennial bulbous plant. It has enormous attractive heart-shaped leaves, that are dark-purple to black in colour with a smoky cast on it. It does well in partial shade.

Plant code A-0009



Elephant Ear ■ *Colocasia esculenta*



Description:

Colocasia esculenta is a tuberous plant with leaves that resemble elephant ears. The foliage measures 2-3 ft long and 1-2 ft wide on 3 ft long stalks. In cultivated plants the flowers are rarely seen. In the wild the flower is a pale green spathe and spadix.

Plant code S-0041

Black Stem Elephant Ear

■ *Colocasia Esculenta* 'Fontanesii'



Description:

Colocasia fontanesii is an easy and fast growing plant. It has spectacular, glossy green foliage with black stems & veins. It produces yellow aroid flowers that are 12 inches long. The flowers have a papaya like fragrance. It is heat & cold tolerant. It performs well in full sun, partial sun and partial shade.

Plant code S-0042



Giant Taro

■ *Alocasia macrorrhiza* 'Giant Taro'



Description:

Alocasia macrorrhiza is a fast growing herbaceous plant with distinctive leaves. It grows up to 5 m in height. It can easily be grown in a wide variety of substrates and habitats. It performs well in full sun to deep shaded areas. The roots & leaves are used medicinally in some countries.

Plant code S-0016



Black Stem Tea Cup Taro

■ *Colocasia esculenta*



Description:

Colocasia esculenta is a tender bulbous plant which can grow up to 6 feet tall. It has showy, glossy, dark-green, heart shaped foliage. The cup shaped leaves fill up and pour out water when it is raining which is delightful! It performs well in partial shade.

Plant code A-0010







Marginal plants - Zone 2

Roots Submerged in Shallow Water (Planting Depth: 0-15 cm)

Marginal plants add depth to the border and shape of a pond initially created by bog plants, or equally by themselves. Thriving in shallow waters, marginals should be planted in zone 2 of a pond. These plants are also commonly referred to as emergent because the flowering part of the plants emerge out of and above the water.



Sea Rush ■ *Juncus maritimus*



Description:

Juncus maritimus is an annual, deciduous or evergreen perennial. It has sharp stems bearing cylindrical, sharp pointed mid green leaves. It produces small light green flower spikelets followed by pale brown seeds. It performs well in full or partial sun.

Plant code A-0036



Soft Rush ■ *Juncus effusus*



Description:

Juncus effusus is native to North America, Europe and Asia. It has soft, grass like stems bearing clusters of very small, greenish-brown, scaly flowers. It is suitable for water features, rain gardens and in erosion control. It is a low maintenance plant with no serious pests or plant diseases.

Plant code A-0033



Saltmeadow Cordgrass

■ *Spartina patens*



Description:

Spartina patens is native to the east and gulf coasts of North America. It has leaves often mostly basal and tiny flowers aggregated into highly modified clusters. It performs well in full sun. It can tolerate minimum levels of salt sprays.

Plant code A-0081

Lakeshore Bullrush ■ *Scirpus lacustris*



Description:

Scirpus lacustris is a reed. It has long leafless stems that grow up to 2 m in height which initially grow vertically and eventually droop. The flowers are reddish-chestnut like spikelets present at the top of the stems. It performs well in bright but protected from direct sunlight.

Plant code A-0079



Cyperus Umbrella Plant

■ *Cyperus involucratus*



Description:

Cyperus involucratus is an ornamentally grown plant that adds an exotic & tropical feel. It is known for its showy- umbrella shaped rosette, green modified leaves called bracts. Its leaves are inconspicuous found near the stem bases. This species of *Cyperus* does not bear flowers

Plant code A-0015



Umbrella Sedge ■ *Cyperus alternifolius*



Description:

Cyperus alternifolius is an ornamentally grown plant that adds an exotic & tropical feel. It is known for its showy- umbrella shaped rosette, green modified leaves called bracts. Its leaves are inconspicuous found near the stem bases. It also has insignificant flowers & fruits. It has dense clusters of flattened f lower spikelets.

Plant code A-0013





Variegated Sweet Flag

■ *Acorus calamus* 'Variegatus'



Description:

Cyperus alopecuroides is an evergreen, perennial grass-like plant with a short rhizome. Leaves up to as long as stem, stiff below, curved and somewhat flexuous above. The flowers are in the form of a cluster of spikes tightly and spirally arranged, yellow-brown in colour.

Plant code A-0001



Javanese Flatsedge ■ *Cyperus javanicus*



Description:

Cyperus javanicus is a perennial plant with short rhizome. It is an erect, tufted plant with tall stems ranging 40-85 cm in height. The flowers are large, straw-coloured and are in form of spikelets. It has a wide range of uses such as erosion control, hedge planting, medicinal and ornamental uses of cultural significance. It does well in dry conditions.

Plant code A-0016



Bulrush Variety

■ *Schoenoplectus praelongatus*



Description:

Schoenoplectus praelongatus is native to Australia and India. It is a herbaceous plant with a small root system. It has flowers in the form of spikes that are greyish green or brown in colour close to the base of the plant.

Plant code A-0077

Blue Arrows

■ *Eleocharis geniculata*



Description:

Compact, blue-foliaged grass is very adaptable to a wide range of garden conditions, including standing water and drought. At Firefly we also use the plant for our Phytoremediation and Conservation projects



Plant code A-0022

Tropica Marble Queen

■ *Variegated Echinodorus cordifolius*



Description:

Variegated *Echinodorus cordifolius* is an easy, fast growing plant. It has long variegated leaves with arching white flowers. Its longish ovate leaves with heart-shaped base show a pattern of darker and lighter green, also reddish patches. This variegation is more distinct in emersed leaves.



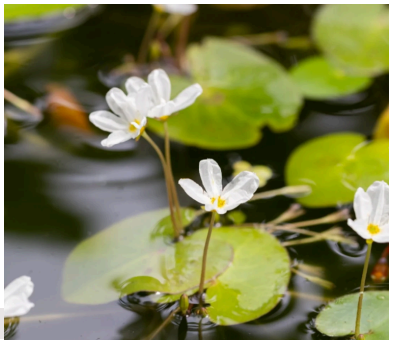
Plant code A-0085

Floating Heart ■ *Nymphoides ezanoi*



Description:

Nymphoides ezanoi is a fast growing perennial plant. It has flat, rounded, floating leaves with delicate white & yellow flowers which appear during the summers. It is fairly tolerant of fluctuating water levels.



Plant code A-0090



White-Top Sedge

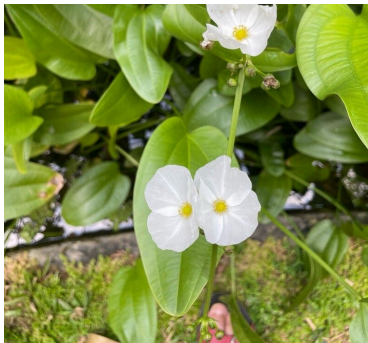
■ *Dichromena latifolia*



Description:

Dichromena latifolia is an attractive sedge plant. White star shaped flowers are present above the grass like foliage of the plant. It is tolerant of sands, peats and silts. it grows in a variable pH ranging from 4.6 - 7.8, however it is sensitive to high salts.

Plant code A-0020



Spade-Leaf Sword

■ *Echinodorus cordifolius*



Description:

Echinodorus cordifolius is a showy evergreen plant. It has dark glossy green leaves with prominent veins and lines of translucent spots. The blooms are triangular bowl-shaped with three white petals. It performs well in full sun, semi-shade or full shade but with a lot of light.

Plant code A-0021



Java Water Dropwort

■ *Oenanthe javanica*



Description:

Oenanthe javanica is an easy to grow, beautiful plant that has tri-coloured leaves that appear green, cream and pink in varying hues. It produces small, white flowers during the summer. Sometimes the flowers emit a wine-like fragrance. In Japan, the vegetable is added to one-pot dishes, such as sukiyaki.

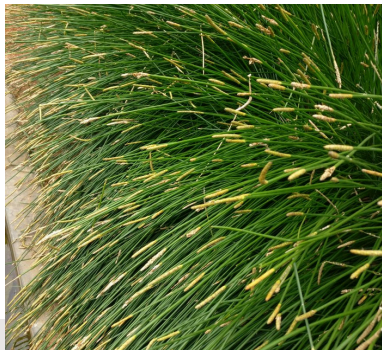
Plant code A-0067

Tall Spike Rush ■ *Eleocharis sphacelata*



Description:

Eleocharis sphacelata is a perennial plant with a hollow stem. The foliage is mid to dark green in colour often with reds at the base of stems. It produces small sized flowers cream to brown colour spikes that appear on the tips of the leaves.



Plant code A-0023

Texas Spiderlily ■ *Hymenocallis lirisome*



Description:

Hymenocallis lirisome is a bulbous perennial. It has a glossy foliage and the stem 1-3 feet in height, that bears 2-3 blooms at the top. The flowers are fragrant. It performs well in part shade.



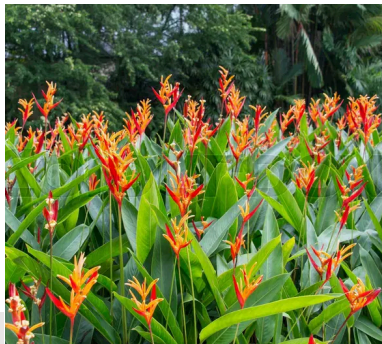
Plant code A-0028

Water Heliconia ■ *Water heliconia*



Description:

Water heliconia is an interesting plant with respect to its foliage and flowers. The flowers seen visually are actually modified leaves that come in attractive colours (orange, green, red, pink) which grow opposite to each other. Inside the modified leaves are present the true flowers. Only specialized birds, such as the hummingbirds, can take their nectar.



Plant code A-0086



Red Stemmed Sagittaria lancifolia

■ *Sagittaria lancifolia rubrum*



Description:

Red stemmed Sagittaria lancifolia is a plant with beautiful tall leaves that arch outward. Each leaf is brushed with a bright red base, making it a spectacular plant in ponds or water features.

Plant code A-0071



Sagittaria Japonica

■ *Sagittaria japonica*



Description:

Sagittaria japonica is a showy, perennial with deep green arrow shaped leaves. It produces pure white double flowers with purple spots at the base. It performs well in full sun.

Plant code A-0072



Water Clover ■ *Marsilea quadrifolia*



Description:

Marsilea quadrifolia is an aquatic fern. It is a creeping rhizome, that does not bloom. The genus Marsilea is named in reverence of the Italian naturalist and scientist, Luigi Ferdinando Marsili. It performs well in full sun & partial shade.

Plant code A-0043

Salt Marsh Rush ■ *Juncus kraussii***Description:**

This is a drought tolerant rush with a pointy tip. The plant grows in large colonies upto 4 ft in height. It is used by the indigenous people for weaving of traditional sleeping mats, rugs, fishing line, baskets, etc. It is drought tolerant. At Firefly we also use the plant for our Phytoremediation and Conservation projects.

Plant code A-0035

**Abbeville Swamp Iris** ■ *Iris nelsonii***Description:**

Iris nelsonii is an interesting hybrid plant. It is a result of hybridization between three different iris species. The blooms are 3-7 inches wide. The plant has dense and sword shaped foliage. It requires atleast 3-6 hrs of sunlight and can tolerate partial shade.

Plant code A-0031

**Gray Rush** ■ *Juncus patens***Description:**

This evergreen clumping perennial grows 1-2 feet tall and has steely gray-blue stems and tan flowers. It grows in springs, riparian zones, in stream beds, on river and pond banks, in marshes, and in other moist habitats.

Plant code A-0037







Deep Marginal plants - Zone 3

Roots Submerged in Shallow Water (Planting Depth: 0-15 cm)

Marginal plants add depth to the border and shape of a pond initially created by bog plants or equally by themselves. Thriving in shallow waters, marginals should be planted in zone 2 of a pond. These plants are also commonly referred to as emergent because the flowering part of the plants emerge out of and above the water.



Water Spinach ■ *Ipomoea aquatica*



Description:

Ipomoea aquatica is a semi-aquatic tropical plant grown as a leaf vegetable. It has hollow stems and its roots at the nodes. The flowers are trumpet shaped, measuring 3-5 cm diameter, white in colour with a purple center. It performs well in sun.

Plant Code A-0029



Spiny Rush ■ *Juncus Acutus*



Description:

Juncus acutus is a spiny, sharp pointed perennial plant. The unbranched stems of this plant emerge from a central cluster and the tips give rise to adventitious plantlets from the inflorescence. These plantlets give rise to plants when the stem droops and touches the soil.

Plant Code A-0032



Common Reed ■ *Phragmites australis*



Description:

Phragmites australis is a fast growing, rhizomatous, perennial grass. It has robust stems that consists of flat, linear, grey to green leaves that turn golden-brown in autumn. It performs well in full sun.

Plant Code A-0068

Chairmaker's Bulrush

■ *Schoenoplectus americanus*



Description:

Schoenoplectus americanus is a rhizomatous, perennial that grows up to 2 feet. It has flowers in a form of a small head with several spikelets which may be brown to bright orange, red, purplish or pale and translucent. It performs well in semi-shade or no shade.

Plant Code A-0076



Parrot's-Feather

■ *Myriophyllum aquaticum*



Description:

Myriophyllum aquaticum is an aquatic perennial with a stout stem bearing many finely dissected bright green leaves in whorls. It is a common water garden plant. It grows well in full to partial shade. It also helps in control of algal growth and provides shelter for small fish.

Plant Code A-0044



Water Poppy

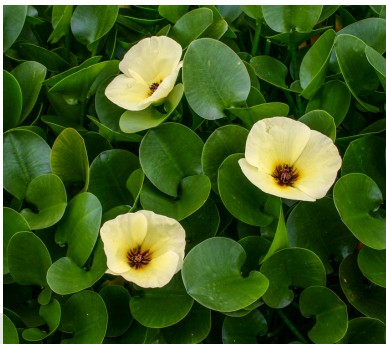
■ *Hydrocleys nymphoides*



Description:

Hydrocleys nymphoides is native to Central & South America. The plant produces a multitude of flat leaves with a glossy texture. During the summer growing season, three petaled cheerful, yellow flowers emerge. These blooms last only for one day and are produced throughout the entire season.

Plant Code A-0026





Mosaic Flower ■ *Ludwigia sedioides*



Description:

Ludwigia sedioides is a one-of-a-kind mosaic plant. The leaves of the plant radiate from the center. The leaves are diamond shaped, dark and light green coloured with jagged red edges. Yellow, buttercup like flowers bloom throughout summer and draw beneficial pollinators. Care needs to be taken as this plant is very fragile. Bright light, full sun to partial shade are well suited for it.

Plant Code A-0042



Floating Primrose-willow

■ *Ludwigia peploides*



Description:

Ludwigia peploides is a creeping plant that produces bright yellow 5 petaled flowers which range from 2-7 mm long. It does well in full sun. The flowers provide nectar for adult butterflies.

Plant Code A-0041



Pickerel Weed

■ *Pontederia cordata*



Description:

Pontederia cordata is rhizomatous herbaceous plant with stems that grow upto 1 m in height. Its scientific name, pays homage to an Italian botanist, Giulio Pontedera (1688-1757). A spike of blue-purple flowers emerge from a single stem.

Plant Code A-0070

Water Canna ■ *Canna glauca* (Peach)**Description:**

Canna glauca is a tropical perennial. Tall spears of broad fleshy leaves and shoot upright with presence of brightly coloured peach gladiolus-like flower spikes, easily brightens up any space. It can grow upto 2 m and matures in width anywhere between 60 cm to 1 m.

Plant code A-0138

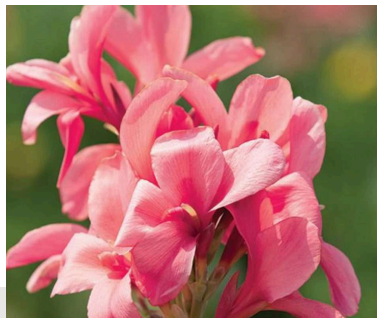
**Canna 'Pink Magic'**

■ *Canna Indica* 'Pink Magic'

**Description:**

Canna glauca is a tropical perennial. Tall spears of broad fleshy leaves and shoot upright with presence of brightly coloured peach gladiolus-like flower spikes, easily brightens up any space. It can grow upto 2 m and matures in width anywhere between 60 cm to 1 m.

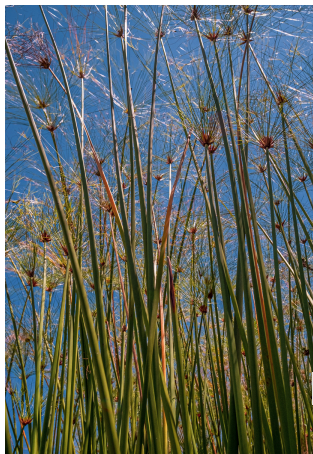
Plant Code A-0137

**Water Canna** ■ *Canna glauca* (Light Orange)**Description:**

Canna glauca is a tropical perennial. Tall spears of broad fleshy leaves and shoot upright with presence of brightly coloured peach gladiolus-like flower spikes, easily brightens up any space. It can grow upto 2 m and matures in width anywhere between 60 cm to 1 m.

Plant code A-0139





Papyrus Sedge Tall ■ *Cyperus papyrus (tall)*



Description:

Cyperus papyrus is a grass like plant with triangular stems and inconspicuous flowers. It is primarily a foliage plant and the modified leaves make the umbels pop and give a strong visual appeal. The greenish-brown flowers bloom in summer. It performs well in full sun to partial shade.

Plant Code A-0018

Papyrus Sedge Dwarf

■ *Cyperus papyrus (dwarf)*



Plant code A-0017



Bent Alligator-flag

■ *Thalia geniculata*



Description:

Thalia geniculata is a beautiful aquatic plant with bright green stems. It has smooth, shiny foliage, the leaf blade is held by a long, smooth, green or red-purple petiole. Small, purple flowers (2 cm long) are composed of 3 petals and have an irregular shape.

Plant Code A-0083



Red Stem Thalia

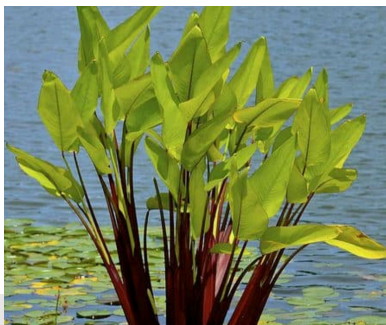
■ *Thalia geniculata ruminoides*



Description:

Thalia geniculata ruminoides is a beautiful aquatic plant with stems streaked in brilliant red that adds a striking effect in water features. It has smooth, shiny foliage, the leaf blade is held by a long, smooth red-purple petiole.

Plant Code A-0084



Powdery Alligator-flag

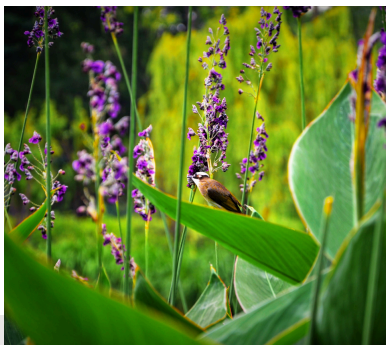
■ *Thalia dealbata*



Description:

Thalia dealbata is a beautiful aquatic plant with blue-green colored leaves and purple flowers. It has a powdery, white, water-repelling layer that also gives it a nice dusky and muted coloration. Leaves are horizontally held during the day and vertically during the evening.

Plant Code A-0082





Simplestem Bur Reed

■ *Sparganium erectum*



Description:

Sparganium erectum is a vigorous, semi evergreen perennial plant. It has leaves that are narrow and upright. The flowers are found in small clusters and they are unstalked. It performs well in full shade and semi shade or no shade.

Plant Code A-0080



Club-rush ■ *Scirpus australis*



Description:

Scirpus australis grows up to 3.5 metres (11 ft) tall in fresh water. The inflorescence appears at the top of the stem and the flowers are in the form of spikelets. This plant is native to India and has water cleaning properties. It helps in the reduction of Biochemical Oxygen Demand in polluted water bodies and water treatment systems.

Plant Code A-0078



Flowering Rush ■ *Butomus umbellatus*



Description:

Butomus umbellatus is a herbaceous perennial which is native to the UK. The foliage matures to an emerald green and the flowers appear in an organized ball shape. It has twisted grassy leaves & stiff stems bearing umbels of fragrant rosy-pink flowers. It can be quite useful in helping to naturally filter water and prevent sediment erosion, as well

Plant Code A-0007

Yarkon Nut-grass ■ *Cyperus hayarkon*



Description:

Cyperus hayarkon is a species of sedge that is endemic to parts of South America, Africa, the Middle East and Western Asia. It is a perennial, grass-like plant with clumps 60 - 90 cm tall growing from a thick, woody rhizome. It has been proven to support in the degradation of Total Oil and Grease and may therefore be utilized in Constructed Treatment Wetlands.



Plant Code A-0014

Arundo Donax Variegata

■ *Arundo donax variegata*



Description:

Acorus calamus 'Variegatus' is a perennial plant that forms mats of stiff, narrow bladed leaves with creamy white edges. The leaves are aromatic and taste pungent. The plant produces flowers rarely; when it does the flowers are 3-8 cm long, cylindrical in shape.



Plant Code A-0002

Striped Variegated Rush

■ *Baumea Rubiginosa Variegata*



Description:

Baumea Rubiginosa Variegata is native to Australia and New Zealand. It is an attractive sedge like plant that grows upto 18-24 inches tall. It has wide needle-like leaves that are deep green in colour and striped along one edge with yellow.



Plant Code A-0006





Submerged Plants - Zone 4

Roots and Crown Submerged in Deep Water (Planting Depth: Over 40 cm)

Deepwater and oxygenating plants vary from floating, emerging and being submerged within pond water and are best suited to the deepest area of a pond. They're the most valuable plants in a pond for healthy pond water because they do the most work when it comes to removing excess nutrients and replenishing it with Oxygen. Examples are Water Violets, Water Hawthorns and Water Lilies. Consider adding oxygenating plants to your pond in summer when dissolved oxygen levels are naturally lower.



Blue Star Water Lily

■ *Nymphaea nouchali* (White)



Description:

This aquatic plant is native in a broad region from Afghanistan, the Indian subcontinent, to Taiwan, southeast Asia, and Australia. It has been long valued as a garden flower in Thailand and Myanmar to decorate ponds and gardens. In its natural state, *Nymphaea nouchali* is found in static or slow-flowing aquatic habitats of low to moderate depth.

Plant code A-0055



Waterlily 'Blue Lily of India'

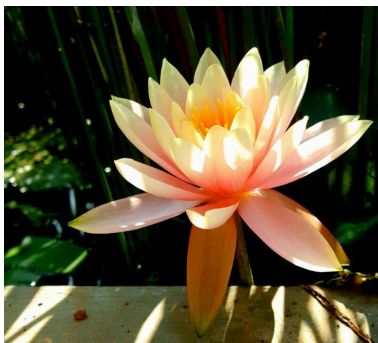
■ *Nymphaea nouchali* (Cyanea)



Description:

In its natural state, *Nymphaea nouchali* is found in static or slow-flowing aquatic habitats of low to moderate depth. This day blooming water lily has a beautiful flower which is usually violet blue in color with reddish edges.

Plant code A-0053



Waterlily Peach Glow

■ *Nymphaea* 'Peach Glow'



Description:

This Tropical lily has full, peony style flowers and light to medium pink blooms. Whats more, its green leaves will sprout occasional purple flecks, further enhancing its beauty. This day-blooming water lily is known to flower profusefully and is extremely hardy.

Plant code A-0057

Waterlily 'Pink Lily of India'

■ *Nymphaea nouchali* (Versicolor)



Description:

This plant is native to Afghanistan, the Indian subcontinent, to Taiwan, southeast Asia, and Australia. A semi-tropical day-blooming waterlily producing pink fragrant flowers above the water. In its natural state, *Nymphaea nouchali* is found in static or slow-flowing aquatic habitats of low to moderate depth.

Plant code A-0054



Yellow Water Lily

■ *Nymphaea Yellow*



Description:

This Water Lily has a pleasant light yellow flower. It is a day blooming variety with leaves that may sometimes contain brown variegations. The lily is suited to medium to large ponds.

Plant code A-0064



Colorata Lily

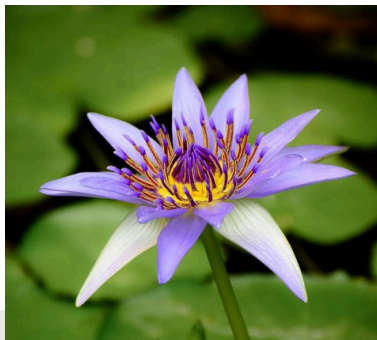
■ *Nymphaea colorata*

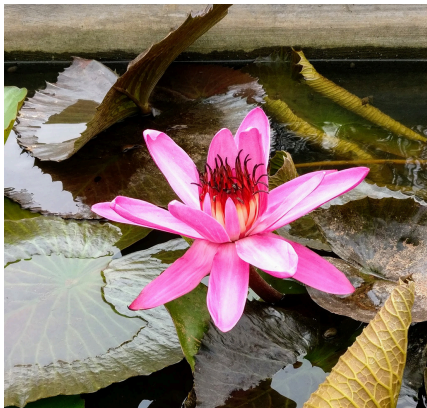


Description:

Nymphaea colorata is a water lily that is native to tropical East Africa. It is day blooming and its flower is dark blue to violet color. It is used as an ornamental flower and has the advantage of having a long flowering period.

Plant code A-0048





Waterlily H.C. Haarstick

■ *Nymphaea H.C Haarstick*



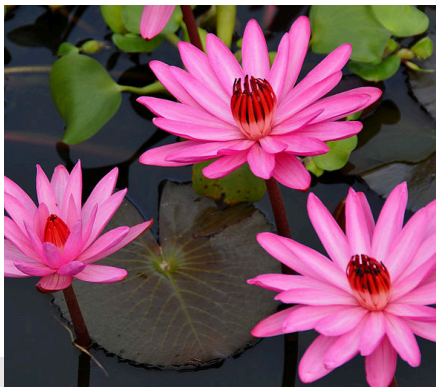
Plant code A-0049

Description:

A very free flowering dark pink-red, this is a night-blooming variety. Flowers open at night and close late morning, or on a cloudy day, may stay open all day. Very dark reddish-brown leaves. This lily is suited to medium to large ponds.

Red Water Lily

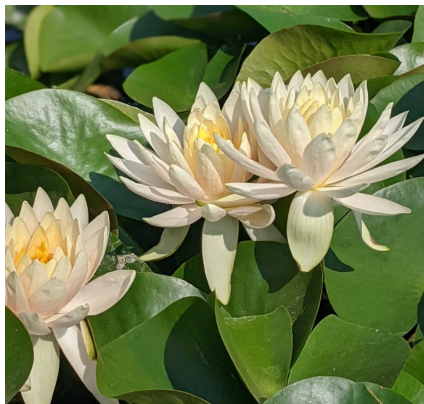
■ *Nymphaea pubescens*



Plant code A-0059

Description:

This plant is common in shallow lakes and ponds throughout temperate and tropical Asia. The hairy water lily is found both as a cultivated plant as well as in the wild. It prefers non-acidic waters and it does not tolerate temperatures below 15°C. This water lily is a day blooming variety.



Chromatella Waterlily

■ *Nymphaea 'Marliacea Chromatella'*



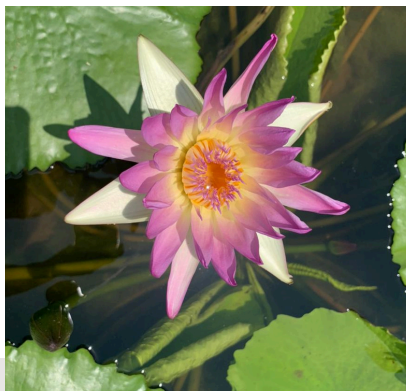
Plant code A-0051

Description:

The mottled, olive-green leaves of this majestic water lily provide the perfect setting for its primrose yellow blooms, which have bright golden stamens. Unlike most Water Lilies, this is one of the few that will tolerate a semi shaded position if necessary. *Nymphaea 'Marliacea Chromatella'* is a day bloomer, suitable for medium to large ponds and lakes.

Lavender Star Lily Thailand

■ *Nymphaea Lavender Star*



Plant code A-0050

Description:

A strikingly large lavender water lily with bright yellow stamens. The plant contains enormous leaves with jagged edges. This lily is a day blooming variety and is suitable for large water ponds.



Nangkweg Orange

■ *Nymphaea Nangkweg Orange*



Description:

Nangkweg or Indian Goddess is considered to be a lucky plant by many. With long, twisted sepals it certainly is a very unique and unusual water plant. They do not look like other water lily. The tips of petals turn pink on the second or third day of bloom.

Plant code A-0052



White Lotus

■ *Nelumbo Lutea*



Description:

Nelumbo Lutea is one of two extant species of *Nelumbonaceae*. This plant has a large tuberous rhizome that is used as a food source. The seed is also edible and is called 'alligator corn'. The seedlike fruits, the unopened leaves and young stalks can be cooked.

Plant code A-0045



Indian Lotus Pink

■ *Nelumbo nucifera (Pink)*



Description:

Lotus is the national flower of India. Its large pink or white petalled flowers and leaf stalks rise above the water, sometimes for a considerable distance. The leaves are hydrophobic. The tender seeds and the stem is eaten, almost in all parts of India.

Plant code A-0046

Autumn in Moling

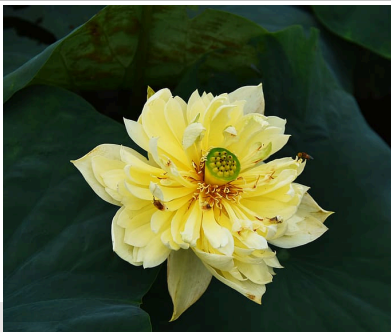
■ *Autumn in Moling*



Description:

Autumn in Moling is a stunning, multi-petal yellow lotus. The plant initially exhibits light yellow colour and as the plant ages the colour deepens. The blooms last for a long time. It requires over 8 hours of sunlight for good growth & bloom.

Plant code A-0003



Liang Micro Lotus

■ *Liang Micro Lotus*



Description:

Liang Micro Lotus as the name suggests the lotus is small in size and is a perfect addition to small bowls or uris. It produces multiple pink buds and flowers. Requires minimal maintenance and it is extremely sturdy.

Plant code A-0040



Prickly Water Lily

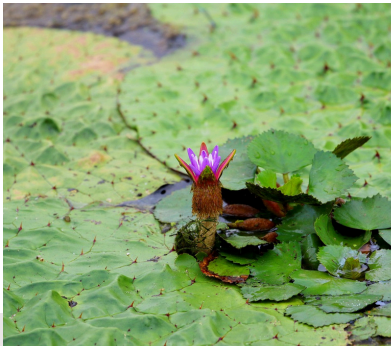
■ *Euryale ferox*



Description:

Euryale ferox is a perennial water lily. The stem and leaves have sharp spines on it. The flowers have an inner row of white petals and an outer row of deep violet petals. It blooms during the day. It performs well in full sunlight and it is not cold hardy. The popular Makhana seeds are derived from this plant.

Plant code A-0025





Charming Lips

■ *Charming Lips*



Description:

Charming lips is a double petalled lotus variety with colours varying from yellow in center to pink/purple-violet at the tips. The flowers produced directly correspond to the size of the container used. Small containers produce small sized blooms, larger containers produce larger sized blooms.

Plant code A-0008



Paranee

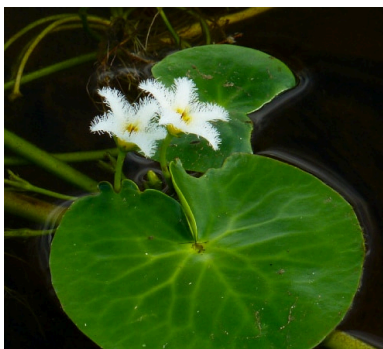
■ *Nymphaea Paranee*



Description:

Paranee Hardy Waterlily is a bright, beautiful, sunny-yellow waterlily with lots of flowers, the lower petals are streaked in deep-pink, making this a truly unique waterlily. This variety makes wonderful yellow flowers with pink stripes.

Plant code A-0056



Water Snowflake

■ *Nymphaea indica*



Description:

Nymphaeoides indica is a herbaceous aquatic perennial plant. Clustered white petals with a yellow center. When grown in colonies the plant provides ample shade to reduce algal growth. It is tolerant to many light and depth conditions.

Plant code A-0065

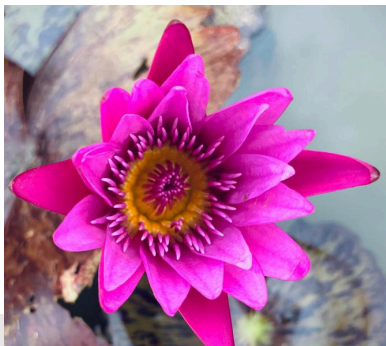
Siam Pink Lily Thailand

■ *Nymphaea Siam Pink*



Description:

A hardy lily species from Thailand that has large magenta petals and large leaves. The leaves have dark purple variegation. This is a day blooming plant and is suitable for all types of water ponds.



Plant code A-0060

Siam Purple Lily Thailand

■ *Nymphaea Siam Purple*



Description:

A hardy lily species from Thailand that has large violet petals, dark brown sepals and large green leaves. This is a day blooming plant and is suitable for all types of water ponds.



Plant code A-0061

Siam White Lily Thailand

■ *Nymphaea Siam White*

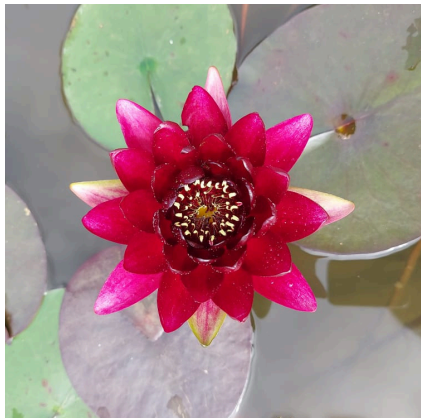


Description:

A hardy lily species from Thailand that has large white flowers and thick green leaves. This is a day blooming plant and is suitable for all types of water ponds.



Plant code A-0062



Black Princess

■ *Nymphaea Black Princess*



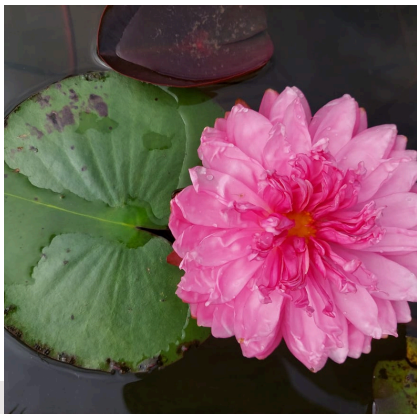
Plant code A-0047

Description:

Black Princess is one of the most beautiful red water lilies around. Flowers are deep and red cup shaped with orange stamens. A free flowering hardy plant suitable for any pond size.

Pink Pom Pom

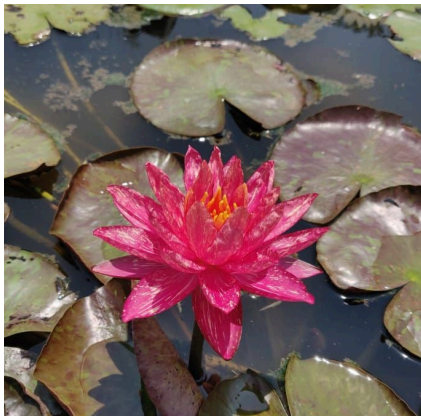
■ *Nymphaea Pink Pom Pom*



Plant code A-0058

Description:

A stunning waterlily with high petal count, hybridized by Tony Moore. It's show stopping blooms make it an exciting addition to any water garden.



Wanvisa Thailand

■ *Nymphaea Wanvisa*



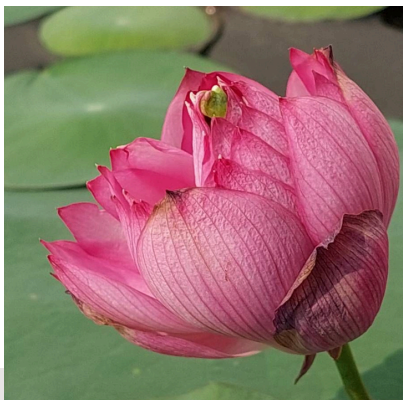
Plant code A-0063

Description:

Wanvisa is an award-winning hardy water lily that won the 2010 Best New Water Lily of the year. It is a fast grower and free bloomer with unusual peach-pink blooms with yellow speckled petals that occasionally shows some reversion to the parent's bright yellow in portions of the petals. Wanvisa is a day blooming variety and may be used in medium to large water gardens.

Lady Binglei

■ *Lady Binglei*



Plant code A-0038

Description:

Lady Binglei is an early and prolific bloomer and a perfect choice for shorter growing seasons. The plant produces multiple flowers and buds rich in colour and adapts well to all climatic conditions.

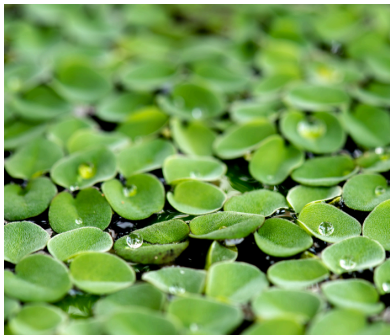




Floating Plants - Zone 5

Floating on Water Surface (Planting Depth: N/A)

As their name suggests, floating plants can be found on the surface of pond water, with no underwater stem system. These are low maintenance options to make a pond more attractive. Floaters are also perfect for providing wildlife such as frogs or newts a place to rest outside of pond water and to give fish shade within the water.



Common Duckweed ■ *Lemna minor*



Description:

Lemna minor is a small floating plant with leaves ranging from 1-4 leaves each having a single root. As more leaves grow, the plants divide and become separate individuals. The leaves are oval shaped, broad, light green with three veins and small air spaces to help with flotation. Flowers are rarely produced and measure about 1mm in diameter.

Plant Code A-0039



Amazon Frogbit

■ *Limnobium laevigatum*



Description:

A fast-growing floating aquatic plant with round, green leaves that provide excellent shade and cover for fish. Ideal for aquariums and ponds, it helps reduce algae growth and improve water quality. Low maintenance and easy to propagate.

Plant Code A-0089



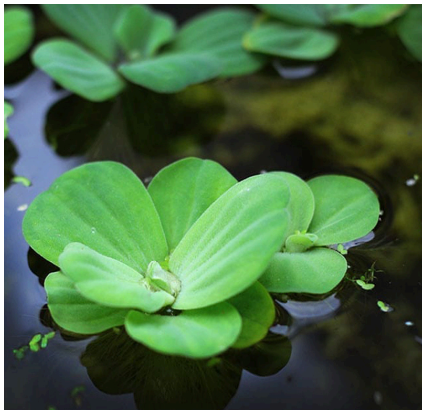
Mosquito Ferns ■ *Azolla*



Description:

Azolla is an unusual fern, since it is both aquatic and endophytic in nature. The leaves are clustered on a root-bearing rhizome. It thrives in nitrogen-poor environments due to the presence of symbiotic cyanobacteria and other bacteria in special cavities within the leaves.

Plant Code A-0004



Water Lettuce

■ *Pistia stratiotes*



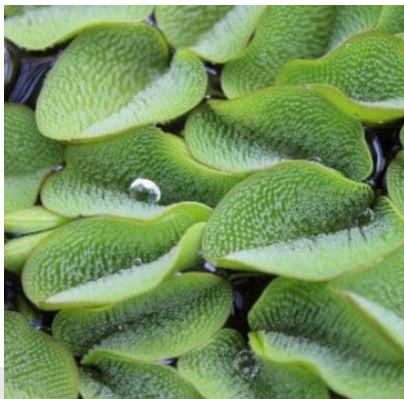
Plant Code A-0069

Description:

Pistia stratiotes is a floating plant with large network of fibrous roots dangling underwater. The leaves are in a dense rosette form. Flowers are numerous, small and hidden at the base of the leaves. It is an extremely fast growing plant. It doubles its biomass every 10 to 15 days depending on the temperature of the water and nutrients.

Kariba Weed

■ *Salvinia molesta*



Plant Code A-0075

Description:

Salvinia molesta is an aquatic fern with submerged leaves white to brown in colour, fine, hairlike and upto 1 inch long. These leaves act as roots. No true flowers are found in the plant. Non-viable spores are developed from the submerged leaves. It cannot grow in high salt concentrations











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